

Calving Checklist

Support lifetime animal traceability

Selling calves

All my calves are NAIT tagged correctly

I have registered the calves in my NAIT account - after tagging them first

I have recorded a movement in NAIT for the calves I sold - within 48 hours of them leaving. Note: This is not required when selling to a saleyard.

I've filled out an ASD form and have a Declaration to Livestock Transporter (DLT) form ready - if required

Buying calves

I've checked the calves I bought are tagged and NAIT registered

I received an Animal Status Declaration (ASD) form from the seller

I have recorded a movement in NAIT for the calves I bought
- within 48 hours of them arriving

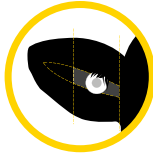
I've updated the calves' production type to beef - if brought in from a dairy farm

*Bobby calves moved direct to slaughter are exempt from all NAIT requirements.
Check with your meat processor about their requirements for accepting bobby calves.*

Tagging Tips



Tags can only be applied to animals at the NAIT number they were purchased for.



Position tag: to central/inner part between the veins. The female end should face forward.



When tagging: Record the tag numbers, month and year of birth, NAIT number at the location of birth, and production type beef or dairy.



Use NAIT approved tags.
Birth ID's aren't just for dairy calves.

Don't have a scanner?

- **Use tags in numerical order.** This makes it easier to bulk register animals in your NAIT account.
- **Use a secondary panel tag.** You can match a secondary identifier to the NAIT tag in your NAIT account.
- **Scanner hire.** Call the OSPRI Contact Centre on 0800 482 463 for more details.

Failure to comply with NAIT obligations may result in fines or prosecution issued by the Ministry for Primary Industries. For more information about your obligations as a PICA, please visit our website ospri.co.nz.